INTHEUNITEDSTATESDISTRICTCOURT FORTHEEASTERNDISTRICTOFPENNSYLVANIA

UNITEDSTATESOFAMERICA : CRIMINALACTION

:

vs.

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STEVENBELL : NO.01-691

ORDERANDMEMORANDUM

ORDER

ANDNOW ,this31stdayofJanuary,2002,uponconsiderationofDefendant'sMotionto SuppressPhysicalEvidenceandPost-ArrestStatements(DocumentNo.13,filedJanuary11, 2002),Defendant'sAmendedMotiontoSuppressPhysicalEvidence(DocumentNo.24,filed January28,2002), ¹Government'sTrialMemorandumandResponsetoDefendantStevenBell's MotiontoSuppressEvidence(DocumentNo.17,filedJanuary14,2002),andanevidentiary hearingheldonJanuary31 2002, ITISORDERED that,forthereasonssetforthinthe followingMemorandum,Defendant'sMotiontoSuppressPhysicalEvidenceandPost-Arrest StatementsandDefendant'sAmendedMotiontoSuppressPhysicalEvidenceare DENIED.

MEMORANDUM

I. <u>BACKGROUND</u>

The case arises out of the possession of a semi-automatic pistol by defendant, Steven Bell, on September 5, 2000, following his November 16, 1987 conviction in Philadelphia County

¹Defendant'soriginalMotiononlyseekstosuppressphysicalevidence.Nomentionwas madeinthatMotionofpost-arreststatements.TheAmendedMotiondeletesreferenceto"Post-ArrestStatements"inthecaption;inallotherrespectsitisidenticaltotheoriginalMotion.

CourtofCommonPleasforfelonyrobbery,aggravatedassault,andrelatedchargesforwhichhe receivedasentenceofsixto20yearsimprisonment.OnNovember14,2001,thefederalgrand juryindicteddefendantononecountoffeloninpossessionofafirearm,inviolationof18U.S.C. §922(g)(1).Defendantnowseekstohavethefirearmsuppressed,arguingthatFBISpecial AgentKevinMcShaneviolateddefendant'sFourthAmendmentrightsbyconductinga warrantlesssearchofdefendant'scar.TheCourtconductedanevidentiaryhearingonJanuary 31,2002,andnowdeniesdefendant'smotions.

The Court first sets for the hearing, Agent McShanet estified as follows:

OnSeptember5,2000,defendantwaswantedonawarrantforfailingtoappearinthe
PhiladelphiaCountyofCommonPleasonillegalweaponschargesandonastateparoleviolation
charge. SeeExhibitAofGov'sTrialMemo.andResponsetoDef.StevenBell'sMotionto
SuppressEvidenceObtainedonSeptember5,2000. AgentsandofficersoftheFBl'sFugitive
TaskForcereceivedinformationonSeptember5,2000thatdefendantStevenBellwouldbein
the1900blockofNorth32

**ndStreetinPhiladelphia.Theagentssetupsurveillance.At
approximately10:45a.m.,agentsobservedBellentera1987burgundyOldsmobile.Theagents
determinedthatthecarwasregisteredto"JamesMoore"of1905N.NapaStreet,Philadelphia,
Pennsylvania.DefendantBellhadusedthename"JamesMoore"whenhewasarrestedinJune
2000,and1905N.NapaStreet,Philadelphia,PennsylvaniaisBell'saddress.OnSeptember5,
2000,AgentMcShanewasawarethatdefendantusedthealias"JamesMoore."

Theagents followed defendant as hedrove to a corner store located at 2015 North 31. Street. Defendant parked his carinfront of the store, exited the car, and entered the store,

leavingtheenginerunning.

AgentMcShaneandPhiladelphiaPoliceOfficerBrianVivinoenteredthestoreand arresteddefendant. Theysearcheddefendantandfoundaclearplasticbaggiecontainingeight (8) redsmallerbaggiesofcocainebase("crack"). Defendantwasplacedinthebackofamarked PhiladelphiaPolicecar. AgentMcShanethenenteredthedriver's sideofdefendant's vehicle to turnofftherunningengine, and noticed the buttofahandgunsticking outfrom underneath the driver's seat. Heobserved that the handgun was in a holster. Heimmediately removed the keys from the ignition, secured the carwithout moving the gun, and called FBIS pecial Agent Donald Bain III. Agent Bain arrived on the scene approximately 10 to 15 minutes later, photographed the handgun, and then secured the firearm. After Agent Bain took custody of the gun, defendant's carwasse arched.

The fire armseized by Agent Bainisan operable Taurus 9-mm semi-automatich and gun model P1992 with a serial number of TIK00155. The fire armwas fully loaded with 15 live rounds and one in the chamber at the time of seizure.

Theagentsnextaskeddefendantaboutthe "statusofhiscar." Inresponse, defendant told theagents that his friendwas present and could take possession of the keys and the car. The keys to the vehicle were then given to defendant's friend, Robert Watson, by the agents.

Atthehearing, defendant presented two witnesses, Aisha Vance and Syretta Baylor.

Aisha Vancetestified that she saw defendant, who she knew from the neighborhood, enter the BigHFood Store, at the corner of 31 stand Page Streets. She then witnessed plain clothes of ficers bring defendant out of the store and put him into the back of a marked police car.

According to Vance, the officers began to search defendant's carimmediately after the yput

defendantintothemarkedpolicecar. Vanceobservedtheseeventsfromthecornerof31 stand NorrisStreets, which sheestimated to be approximately 75 feet from where defendant parked his caron September 5, 2000.

SyrettaBaylor,defendant's girlfriend,testified that shewent to the BigHFood Marketon September 5,2000 and saw defendant sitting in the back of a marked police car; she did not know how long defendant had been sitting in the police car. At that time Baylor observed three plain clothes of ficers searching defendant's car. Approximately two to three minutes later she saw police of ficers place aguninto a plastic bag.

II. <u>DISCUSSION</u>

A. DEFENDANTWASARRESTEDPURSUANTTOAVALIDWARRANT

Defendantassertsthatthefirearmshouldbesuppressedasthefruitofanillegalarrestin violationofhisFourthAmendmentrights.TheCourtrejectsthisargumentbecausedefendant waslawfullyarrestedpursuanttoavalidwarrant.TheGovernmenthasestablishedthaton September5,2000,defendantwaswantedonawarrantforfailingtoappearinPhiladelphia CourtofCommonPleasonillegalweaponschargesandonastateparoleviolationcharge.

See ExhibitAofGov'sTrialMemo.andResponsetoDef.StevenBell'sMotiontoSuppress EvidenceObtainedonSeptember5,2000.Thearrestwasmadepursuanttothiswarrant.

B. THESEARCHOFDEFENDANT'SCARWASLAWFUL

Defendantcontendsthatthefirearmshouldbesuppressedasthefruitofanillegalsearch ofhiscarinviolationofhisFourthAmendmentrights. "TheFourthAmendmentgenerally requirespolicetosecureawarrantbeforeconductingasearch." Marylandv. Dyson _,527U.S.

465,466(1999)(citing <u>Californiav.Carney</u>,471U.S.386,390-91(1985)).Oneexceptionto thisrequirementispoliceexerciseoftheircommunitycaretakingfunction. <u>See Cadyv.</u>

<u>Dombrowski</u>,413U.S.433(1973)."[T]hecommunitycaretakingfunctionis totallydivorced fromthedetection,investigation,oracquisitionofevidencerelatingtotheviolationofacriminal statute'...aslongassuchcaretakingactivitiesarewarranted, 'eitherintermsofstatelawor soundpoliceprocedure,'...theydonotoffendthefourthamendment." <u>UnitedStatesv.</u>

<u>Rodriguez-Morales</u>,929F.2d780,785(1 stCir.1991)(quoting <u>Cadyv.Dombrowski</u>,413U.S.

433,441,447(1973))."Consequently,evidencewhichcomestolightduringthedueexecution ofthecaretakingfunctionisordinarilyadmissibleattrial." <u>Id.</u>(citing <u>UnitedStatesv.Lott</u>,870 F.2d778,781(1st Cir.1989)).

ThisCourthaspreviouslyruledthattakingcustodyofaparkedcartopreventtheftor vandalism"wasavalidexerciseofthe'communitycaretakingfunction'ofthepolice." <u>United Statesv.1988BMW750IL</u>, VehicleIDNo.WBAGC8318J2765453withAccessoriesand

Equipment,716F.Supp.171,173(E.D.Pa.1988), <u>aff'd</u>,891F.2d284(3dCir.1989).That decisionwasbasedupon <u>SouthDakotav.Opperman</u>,428U.S.364,369(1976),inwhichthe SupremeCourtheldthat"[t]heauthorityofpolicetoseizeandremovefromthestreetsvehicles impedingtrafficorthreateningsafetyandconvenienceisbeyondchallenge."ThisCourt concludedin <u>1988BMW750IL</u> thatpoliceexerciseofthecommunitycaretakingfunctionwas warrantedbecause,asneitheroccupantofthestoppedcarheldavaliddriver'slicense,therewas nooneavailabletolegallydrivethecarfromthesceneandthat" a\$75,000car[leftparkedonthe sideofaroad]couldbethetargetoftheftorvandalism." <u>Id.</u>

In Smithv. Thornburg ,136F.3d1070,1075(6 thCir.1998),theSixthCircuitrecognized

that,aspartofthecommunitycaretakingfunction, "officerswereentitledtoenter[avehicle runninginanareawhereacrowdhadgathered] withoutawarrantinordertoprotectthemselves and the public from the danger created by the manner in which plaint if f's carwas left unattended." The Second Circuit, in <u>United States ex rel La Bellev. La Vallee</u>, 517F.2d750,755 (2dCir.1975), also upheld as legitimate an officer's warrant less in trusion into an unattended car for the purpose of ensuring publics a fety. "The car, because of its bald tires, had come to astop on a steepinc line on an icyroad in the center of the trafficane. [The officer's] checking to see if the brakewas on in the unoccupied carwas a simple and necessary safety precaution which was clearly justifiable aspart of the police 'community caretaking function' without regard to the law fulness of La Belle's arrest." Id. (citing Cady, 413 U.S. at 441-443).

Similartothecourtsin Smith, LaBelle, and 1988BMW750IL, the Courtinthis case concludes that, under the community caretaking function, Agent McShanewas entitled to make a warrantless entry into defendant's carforthe purposes of protecting lawen forcement of ficials and the public from the danger posed by defendant's unattended running vehicle and preventing the fto f defendant's car.

TheCourtalsonotesthatdefendant's actofleaving his carunattended with the enginerunning violated 75 Pa.C.S.A. § 3701, which is a "regulatory statuted ealing with safeuse of motor vehicles." <u>Santarlasv.Leaseway Motor Car Transport Co.</u>, 689 A. 2d311,313 (Pa. Super. 1997). The Unattended Motor Vehicles tatute provides:

Nopersondrivingorinchargeofamotorvehicleshallpermitthevehicletostand unattendedwithoutplacingthegearshiftleverinapositionwhichunderthe circumstancesimpedesthemovementofthevehicle,stoppingtheengine,locking theignitioninvehiclessoequipped,removingthekeyfromtheignitionand,when standinguponanygrade,turningthefrontwheelstothecurborsideofthe highwayandeffectivelysettingthebrake.

⁷⁵Pa.C.S.A.§37019(a).

OnceAgentMcShanelawfullyentereddefendant'scar,hisseizureofthefirearmfrom defendant'scarwasclearlylawfulundertheplainviewexceptiontothewarrantrequirement.

Underthiswell-recognizedexception, alawenforcementofficermaylegallyseizeanitemifthe followingthreeconditionsaremet:(1)"theofficerdidnotviolatetheFourthAmendmentin arrivingattheplacefromwhichtheevidencecouldbeplainlyviewed," Hortonv.California, 496

U.S.128,136(1990);(2)theofficerhas"alawfulrightofaccesstotheobjectitself;" id.at137, and(3)"theincriminatingcharacter[oftheseizedevidencewas]'immediatelyapparent."" Id.at

136; seealso UnitedStatesv.Menon, 24F.3d550,560-61(3dCir.1994).

 $The reis nod is pute that Agent McShanelaw fully entered the car under the community \\ caretaking function. Defendant, however, argues that the gunwas not in plain view when Agent \\ McShane entered defendant's car.$

The Court finds that, although the testimony at the hearing diverged with respect to the time of these archofde fendant's carafter discovery of the gun, there was no direct evidence contradicting Agent McShane's testimony that when he opened the driver's side door of defendant's car, the gunwas in plain view. The Court credits Agent McShane's testimony and thus finds that the gunwas in plain view when Agent McShane lawfully entered defendant's car to remove the key from the ignition.

AgentMcShanehadalawfulrightofaccesstothegunbecauseitwasinplainviewon thefloorboardofdefendant'scarwhenhelawfullyenteredthecarunderthecommunity caretakingfunction. SeeHorton ,496U.S.at137n.7; seealso UnitedStatesv.Sculo ,82F. Supp.2d410,418-19(E.D.Pa.2000).Finally,theincriminatingcharacterofthefirearmwas immediatelyapparenttoAgentMcShanebecauseAgentMcShanewasawarethatdefendantwas

AgentMcShane's seizure of the gunfrom defendant's carclearly satisfied the three elements under <u>Horton</u>, and accordingly the Court denies the Motion to Suppress and the Amended Motion to Suppress.

III. <u>CONCLUSION</u>

For the foregoing reasons, defendant's Motion to Suppress Physical Evidence and Post-Arrest Statements and his Amended Motion to Suppress Physical Evidence are denied.

RYTHECOURT

³In <u>Horton</u>,theCourtexplainedthatanofficerneednotdiscovertheevidence inadvertentlyinordertojustifyaseizure. <u>Seeid.</u> at128.Nevertheless,inthiscase,theCourt findsthatAgentMcShaneinadvertentlydiscoveredthegunbecauseheentereddefendant'scarto turnofftheengineandremovekeysandsawthegunstickingoutfromunderneaththedriver's seatashedidso.